

Progressive Visibility Caching for Fast Indirect Illumination

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In this supplementary material we provide a pseudocode for refining the visibility cache.

```
pre-compute
  shoot initial CRs

while improving
  target-CR = find CR with highest
    importance
  moved-CR = find CR with lowest importance

  //move moved-CR
  create candidates around target-CR
  select candidate that has furthest
    distance to all other CRs
  move moved-CR to candidate

  recompute visibility for moved-CR

  //update correlation for pairs
  update-list = []
  foreach neighbor of moved-CR as n
    update-list += (moved-CR, index(n))

  foreach CR moved-CR was neighbor of as c
    update-list += (c, index(moved-CR))

  //find new neighbors
  foreach update-list as (cr, i)
    cr[i] = find new neighbor
      parallel brute force search with w()

  foreach CR moved-CR was not neighbor of
    as c
      furthest-w = w(c, furthest-CR of c)
      if w(c, moved-CR) < furthest-w
        replace furthest-CR with moved-CR
        update-list += (c, index(moved-CR))

  //recompute correlation
  foreach update-list as (src-CR, index)
    dst-CR = src-CR[index]
    foreach sample direction as dir
      p0 = point seen in dir from src-CR
      dstDir = direction from dst-CR to p0
      p1 = point seen in dstDir from dst-CR
```

```
dist = distance from p0 to p1
maxDist = max(dist. from src-CR to p0,
              dist. from dst-CR to p1)

t = PREDEFINED
t /= sqrt(dot(normal at p0, dir))
t /= sqrt(dot(normal at p1, dstDir))

if dist / maxDist > t
  num-misses += 1

correlation = 1 - (num-misses / num-
                  samples);
```

Listing 1: Refinement Algorithm. Cache record is abbreviated as CR, $w()$ is the weighting function from Section 3.1